

## Answer on Question #71149 – Math – Functional Analysis

### Question

Which of the following sets are countable or uncountable.

- (i) set of negative integers
- (ii) set of rational numbers

### Solution

(i) We can list the integers in a sequence:

$$-1, -2, -3, -4, \dots$$

Therefore, the sequence can be numbered,  $-1 \rightarrow 1, -2 \rightarrow 2, -3 \rightarrow 3, \dots, -n \rightarrow n$ . We have obtained a bijective function  $f(n) = -n$ . Hence the set of negative integers is countable.

(ii) To show that rational numbers are countable it is necessary to find a one-to-one correspondence between the elements of the set and the set of natural numbers. By definition, a rational number  $\frac{p}{q}$ , where  $p, q$  integer and  $q \neq 0$ . We write the rational numbers in the form of a sequence, writing down all possible combinations for  $p$  and  $q$  not exceeding in absolute value 1, then 2 and so on (except for the repetition of numbers and writing first the numbers with  $p > q$  then  $q > p$ ). As a result, we obtain the sequence

$$\frac{0}{1}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac{-1}{1}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{2}{1}, \frac{-2}{1}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{1}, \frac{-1}{3}, \frac{-3}{1}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{4}{2}, \frac{-1}{4}, \frac{-4}{1}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{-1}{3}, \frac{-3}{1}, \frac{1}{3}, \dots$$

The sequence can be numbered, hence it is one-to-one correspondence between the elements of the set and the set of natural numbers. Hence set of rational numbers is countable.

**Answer:** (i) countable, (ii) countable.