Answer on Question #69784 - Math - Differential Geometry

Question

Determine the square of the arc element for the curvilinear coordinate system (u, v, w) whose coordinates are related to the Cartesian coordinates as follows:

x = 3u + v - w; y = u + 2v + 2w; z = 2u - v - w.

Solution

For any orthogonal curvilinear coordinates q_i (i = 1..3) the square of the line element is given by

$$ds^{2} = h_{1}^{2}(dq_{1})^{2} + h_{2}^{2}(dq_{2})^{2} + h_{3}^{2}(dq_{3})^{2},$$

where $h_i = \left| \frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial q_i} \right|$.

Thus

$$h_{1} = \left|\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial q_{1}}\right| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u}\right)^{2}} = \sqrt{9 + 1 + 4} = \sqrt{14},$$
$$h_{2} = \left|\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial q_{2}}\right| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial v}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial v}\right)^{2}} = \sqrt{1 + 4 + 1} = \sqrt{6},$$
$$h_{3} = \left|\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial q_{3}}\right| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial w}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial w}\right)^{2}} = \sqrt{4 + 1 + 1} = \sqrt{6}.$$

Finally the square of the arc element

$$ds^2 = 14(du)^2 + 6(dv)^2 + 6(dw)^2$$

Answer: $ds^2 = 14(du)^2 + 6(dv)^2 + 6(dw)^2$.