

Answer on Question #69775 – Math – Calculus

Find the value of 'a' for which the function f defined by $f(x) = \begin{cases} (2 - \sqrt{4-x})/x, & x < 0 \\ a, & x = 0 \\ (1 - \cos x)/2 \tan^2 x, & x > 0 \end{cases}$ is continuous everywhere

Solution. We should find the left and the right limits of the given function at the point $x=0$, if they are the same we can make this function continuous:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2 - \sqrt{4-x}}{x}, & x < 0; \\ a, & x = 0; \\ \frac{1 - \cos x}{2 \tan^2 x}, & x > 0. \end{cases}$$

So we have

$$f(x \rightarrow 0_-) = \frac{2 - \left(2 - \frac{x}{4} + O(x^2)\right)}{x} = \frac{1}{4},$$

$$f(x \rightarrow 0_+) = \frac{1 - \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + O(x^4)\right)}{2(x^2 + O(x^4))} = \frac{1}{4}.$$

Answer: $a = \frac{1}{4}$.

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