## Answer on question \#68629, Math / Other

Question Find the point of intersection the plane $3 x-y+2 z-3=0$ and the straight line $(x+1) / 3=(y+1) / 2=(z-1) /-2$

Solution We find this point by solving system of equations

$$
\begin{gathered}
3 x-y+2 z-3=0 \\
(x+1) / 3=(y+1) / 2 \\
(y+1) / 2=(z-1) /-2
\end{gathered}
$$

From first:

$$
y=3 x+2 z-3
$$

Substituting into second and third

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (x+1) / 3=(3 x+2 z-2) / 2 \\
& (3 x+2 z-2) / 2=(1-z) / 2
\end{aligned}
$$

From last one:

$$
\begin{gathered}
3 x+2 z-2=1-z \\
x+z=1 \\
z=1-x
\end{gathered}
$$

Hence

$$
\begin{gathered}
(x+1) / 3=(3 x+2-2 x-2) / 2 \\
(x+1) / 3=x / 2 \\
3 x=2 x+2 \\
x=2
\end{gathered}
$$

Then

$$
\begin{gathered}
z=1-2=-1 \\
y=3 \cdot 2+2 \cdot(-1)-3=1
\end{gathered}
$$

Coordinates of point is $(2,1,-1)$.

