

## Answer on Question #68370 – Math – Differential Equations

### Question

Form Partial differential eq. of  $x^2/a^2 + y^2/b^2 + u^2/c^2 = 1$

### Solution

We have the following equation

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{u^2}{c^2} = 1 \quad (1)$$

Note that the number of constants  $(a, b, c)$  is more than the number of independent variables  $(x, y)$ . Hence the order of the resulting differential equation will be more than 1.

Differentiating (1) partially with respect to  $x$  we get

$$\frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{2u}{c^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0 \quad (2)$$

or

$$\frac{c^2}{a^2} = -\frac{u}{x} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \quad (3)$$

Differentiating (2) partially with respect to  $x$  we get

$$\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{u}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

or

$$\frac{c^2}{a^2} = -\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right)^2 - u \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \quad (4)$$

From (3) and (4) we get

$$xu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + x \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right)^2 = u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \quad (5)$$

which is required differential equation.

This equation is not unique. Similarly differentiating (1) partially with respect to  $y$  we get

$$\frac{2y}{b^2} + \frac{2u}{c^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0 \quad (6)$$

or

$$\frac{c^2}{b^2} = -\frac{u}{y} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \quad (7)$$

and differentiating (6) partially with respect to  $y$  we get

$$\frac{1}{b^2} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{u}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

or

$$\frac{c^2}{b^2} = -\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right)^2 - u \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \quad (8)$$

From (7) and (8) we get

$$yu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + y \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right)^2 = u \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \quad (9)$$

which is also a required differential equation. Equations (5) and (9) can be summed so that the resulting equation is symmetric with respect to  $x$  and  $y$

$$xu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + yu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + x \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 + y \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^2 = u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

**Answer:** The required partial differential equations are

$$xu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + x \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 = u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$$

or

$$yu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + y \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^2 = u \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

or

$$xu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + yu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + x \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 + y \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^2 = u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$