

Answer on Question #66867 – Math – Calculus

Question

Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{3x-3}}{\sqrt{2x-4}-\sqrt{2}}$

Solution

In order to evaluate this limit we use the following properties of limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) + g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)}{\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} x = a$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} c = c$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \sqrt[n]{f(x)} = \sqrt[n]{\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)}$$

We can't apply the Quotient Law immediately, since the limit of the numerator and denominator are 0. In order to rationalize the numerator and denominator we need multiply them by conjugate:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{3x-3}}{\sqrt{2x-4}-\sqrt{2}} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(\sqrt{3x-3})(\sqrt{3x+3})}{(\sqrt{2x-4}-\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{2x-4}+\sqrt{2})} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{2x-4}+\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{3x+3})} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{3x-9}{2x-4-2} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{2x-4}+\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{3x+3})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{3(x-3)}{2(x-3)} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{2x-4}+\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{3x+3})} = \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(\sqrt{2x-4}+\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{3x+3})} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{\left(\sqrt{\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (2x-4)} + \sqrt{2} \right)}{\left(\sqrt{\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3x+3} \right)} = \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \frac{(\sqrt{2 \cdot 3 - 4} + \sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{3 \cdot 3 + 3})} = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{6} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Answer: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{3x-3}}{\sqrt{2x-4}-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

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