

## Answer on Question #61225 - Math - Algebra

### Question

Find the coefficient of  $b^{16}$  in the binomial expansion of  $(2b^3 - 1/(4b^2))^{12}$

### Solution

Using the binomial theorem (binomial expansion)

$$\begin{aligned}(x + y)^{12} &= \binom{12}{0} x^{12} y^0 + \binom{12}{1} x^{11} y^1 + \binom{12}{2} x^{10} y^2 + \binom{12}{3} x^9 y^3 \\ &+ \binom{12}{4} x^8 y^4 + \binom{12}{5} x^7 y^5 + \binom{12}{6} x^6 y^6 + \binom{12}{7} x^5 y^7 \\ &+ \binom{12}{8} x^4 y^8 + \binom{12}{9} x^3 y^9 + \binom{12}{10} x^2 y^{10} + \binom{12}{11} x y^{11} \\ &+ \binom{12}{12} x^0 y^{12} = \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{12} \binom{12}{k} x^{12-k} y^k = \sum_{l=0}^{12} \binom{12}{l} x^l y^{12-l}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Take } x = 2b^3, \quad y = -\frac{1}{4b^2}.$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}\left(2b^3 - \frac{1}{4b^2}\right)^{12} &= (2b^3 - 2^{-2}b^{-2})^{12} = \sum_{l=0}^{12} \binom{12}{l} (2b^3)^l (2^{-2}b^{-2})^{12-l} = \\ &= \sum_{l=0}^{12} \binom{12}{l} 2^l b^{3l} 2^{-24+2l} b^{-24+2l} = \sum_{l=0}^{12} \binom{12}{l} 2^{3l-24} b^{5l-24}.\end{aligned}$$

If  $b^{5l-24} = b^{16}$ , then  $5l - 24 = 16$ , hence  $5l = 40$ , that is,  $l = 8$  and this value is in range from 0 to 12.

The coefficient of  $b^{16}$  in the binomial expansion of

$$\begin{aligned}\left(2b^3 - \frac{1}{4b^2}\right)^{12} \text{ is} \\ \binom{12}{l} 2^{3l-24} = \binom{12}{8} 2^{3 \cdot 8 - 24} = \binom{12}{8} 2^0 = \frac{12!}{8!(12-8)!} = \frac{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8!}{8! \cdot 4!} = \\ = \frac{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2} = 495.\end{aligned}$$

**Answer:** 495.