## Answer on Question #60643 – Math – Algebra Ouestion

How do you do relations and functions?

**Solution** 

<u>*Relation*</u>. A relation is simply a set of ordered pairs.

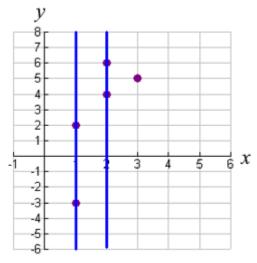
A relation can be any set of ordered pairs.

No special rules need apply.

An example of a relation:  $\{(1,2), (2, 4), (3, 5), (2, 4), (3, 5), (2, 4), (3, 5), (2, 4), (3, 5), (2, 4), (3, 5), (2, 4), (3, 5), (3$ 

6),(1, -3)}

The graph shows that a vertical line may intersect more than one point in a relation.

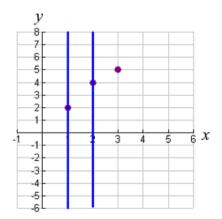


The relation "height indicates name" is not well-behaved. It is not a function. Given the relationship (x,y) = (five-foot-five person, name), there might be six different possibilities for y = "name". For a relation to be a function, there must be *only and exactly* one *y* that corresponds to a given *x*. This is the main differences between relation and function.

*Function*. A function is a set of ordered pairs in which each *x*-element has only ONE *y*-element associated with it.

The relation above can be altered to become a function by removing the ordered pairs where the *x*-coordinate is used twice. function:  $\{(1,2), (2,4), (3,5)\}$ 

The graph shows that a vertical line intersects only ONE point in a function. This is called the vertical line test for functions.



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