## Answer on Question \#57349 - Math - Analytic Geometry

## Question

1) Which conic section does the equation below describe?

$$
\frac{(x+2)^{2}}{16}+\frac{(y-9)^{2}}{36}=1
$$

A: Parabola
B: Ellipse
C: Circle
D: Hyperbola

## Solution

Equation $\frac{(x+2)^{2}}{16}+\frac{(y-9)^{2}}{36}=1$ is transformed to a canonical equation for ellipse $\frac{x^{\prime 2}}{a^{2}}+\frac{y^{\prime 2}}{b^{2}}=1$, where $x^{\prime}=x+2, y^{\prime}=y-9$.

Answer: B: Ellipse.

## Question

2) Which conic section does the equation below describe?

$$
(x+2)^{2}=4(y-3)
$$

A: Ellipse
B: Hyperbola
C: Circle
D: Parabola

## Solution

Equation $(x+2)^{2}=4(y-3)$ is transformed to a canonical equation for parabola $y^{\prime 2}=2 p x^{\prime}$, where $y^{\prime}=x+2, x^{\prime}=y-3$.

Answer: D: Parabola.

