

Answer on Question #53985 – Math – Calculus

Question

If $t = \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$,

then

$$\cos x = \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}, \quad \sin x = \frac{2t}{1+t^2}.$$

Solution

We have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2} &= \frac{1 - \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2}{1 + \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2} = \frac{1 - \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}\right)^2}{1 + \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}\right)^2} = \frac{\frac{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2 - (\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2}{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2}}{\frac{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2 + (\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2}{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2}} = \\ &= \frac{\cos\left(2 \cdot \frac{x}{2}\right)}{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2} \cdot \frac{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2}{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2 + (\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2} = \frac{\cos x}{1} = \cos x; \\ \frac{2t}{1+t^2} &= \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{1 + \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2} = \frac{\frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}}{1 + \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}\right)^2} = \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \cdot \frac{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2}{(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2 + (\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))^2} = \\ &= \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{1} = \sin\left(2 \cdot \frac{x}{2}\right) = \sin x. \end{aligned}$$

So

$$\cos x = \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}, \quad \sin x = \frac{2t}{1+t^2},$$

where $t = \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$.