## Answer on Question \#53393 - Math - Vector Calculus

In a right-angled triangle labelled $A B C$ and $C$ is 90 degree, which vector represents the resultant of the other two?

## Solution



If vectors are directed as shown above, then the resultant vector of vectors $\overrightarrow{A C}$ and $\overrightarrow{C B}$ will be vector $\overrightarrow{A B}$, which represents the sum of these two.

The sum of vectors $\overrightarrow{A C}$ and $\overrightarrow{A B}$ is given by the vector $\overrightarrow{A A^{\prime}}$, which is shown in the figure below.


Other cases are similar to the two ones described above.

