

Answer on Question #53148 – Math – Integral Calculus

Integrate $\int \frac{x^4}{(x-1)\sqrt{x+2}} dx$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{x^4}{(x-1)\sqrt{x+2}} dx &= \left| \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{x+2} = t \quad x^4 = (t^2-2)^4 \\ dx = 2t dt \quad x-1 = t^2-3 \end{array} \right| = 2 \int \frac{(t^2-2)^4}{t^2-3} dt = \\ &= 2 \int \frac{t^8 - 8t^6 + 24t^4 - 32t^2 + 16}{t^2-3} dt = \\ &= 2 \int \frac{t^6(t^2-3) + 5t^4(t^2-3) + 9t^2(t^2-3) - 5(t^2-3) + 1}{t^2-3} dt = \\ &= 2 \int \left(t^6 - 5t^4 + 9t^2 - 5 + \frac{1}{t^2-3} \right) dt = 2 \left(\frac{t^7}{7} - t^5 + 3t^3 - 5t + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{t-\sqrt{3}}{t+\sqrt{3}} \right| \right) + C = \\ &= 2t \left(\frac{t^6}{7} - t^4 + 3t^2 - 5 \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{t-\sqrt{3}}{t+\sqrt{3}} \right| + C = \\ &= 2\sqrt{x+2} \left(\frac{(x+2)^3}{7} - (x+2)^2 + 3(x+2) - 5 \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+2}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x+2}+\sqrt{3}} \right| + C = \\ &= \frac{2}{7} \sqrt{x+2} (x^3 - x^2 + 5x - 13) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+2}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x+2}+\sqrt{3}} \right| + C,\end{aligned}$$

where C is an arbitrary real constant.

Answer: $\frac{2}{7} \sqrt{x+2} (x^3 - x^2 + 5x - 13) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+2}-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x+2}+\sqrt{3}} \right| + C.$