Answer on Question #47144 - Math - Differential Calculus | Equations



Find $f'(x)=x^{(3n)}$

3nx^(3n)

3nx^(3n-1)

3nx

 $3nx^{(3n-3)}$

Solution:

Apply the power rule:

$$(x^a)' = ax^{a-1}$$

Therefore

$$f'(x) = (x^{3n})' = 3nx^{3n-1}$$

Answer: $3nx^{3n-1}$