

## Answer on Question #45082 – Math - Analytic Geometry

### Problem.

For what value(s) of  $\alpha$ , the conicoid  $x^2+y^2+\alpha z^2+2yz+xy+x+2y+z+3=0$  has a unique centre? Give reason for your answer.

### Solution.

Denoting the given expression by  $F(x, y, z)$  we get from

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = 0, \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 0, \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 0$$

or

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + y + 1 &= 0, \\ 2y + x + 2 &= 0, \\ 2\alpha z + 2y + 1 &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2\alpha \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2\alpha & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

The conicoid  $x^2 + y^2 + \alpha z^2 + 2yz + xy + x + 2y + z + 3 = 0$  has a unique centre if rank  $A =$  rank  $A' = 3$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2\alpha \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2\alpha \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2\alpha \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2\alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence rank  $A = 3$  if  $\alpha \neq 0$ .

$$A' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2\alpha & 1 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3 & 0 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2\alpha & 1 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 & 2\alpha & 1 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2\alpha & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence rank  $A' = 3$ .

Therefore conicoid has a unique centre if  $\alpha \neq 0$ .

**Answer:**  $\alpha \neq 0$ .