

## Answer on Question #45078 – Math – Analytic Geometry

### Question:

Find the new equation of the conicoid  $2x^2 + 3y^2 + 5z^2 - xy + z = 1$  when the coordinate system is transformed into a new system with the origin and with the coordinate axes having direction ratios 2,1,0; -1,2,5; 1,-2,1 with respect to the old system.

### Solution.

Let denote axes of new coordinate system  $u,v,w$ . As a new system is with the origin and with the coordinate axes having direction ratios 2,1,0; -1,2,5; 1,-2,1 with respect to the old system, hence we can conclude that  $u=2x+y$ ,  $v=x+2y+5z$ ,  $w=x-2y+z$ .

Hence, the transformation matrix is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

So, the matrix of inverse transformation is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3/7 & 1/7 & -1/7 \\ -1/28 & 1/14 & 5/28 \\ 5/28 & -5/14 & 3/28 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Thus,  $x = \frac{3}{7}u - \frac{1}{28}v + \frac{5}{28}w$ ,  $y = \frac{1}{7}u + \frac{1}{14}v - \frac{5}{14}w$  and  $z = -\frac{1}{7}u + \frac{5}{28}v + \frac{3}{28}w$ .

Substituting this into the equation of the conicoid in the old system, we get

$$2x^2 + 3y^2 + 5z^2 - xy + z = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2\left(\frac{3}{7}u - \frac{1}{28}v + \frac{5}{28}w\right)^2 + 3\left(\frac{1}{7}u + \frac{1}{14}v - \frac{5}{14}w\right)^2 + 5\left(-\frac{1}{7}u + \frac{5}{28}v + \frac{3}{28}w\right)^2 \\ & - \left(\frac{3}{7}u - \frac{1}{28}v + \frac{5}{28}w\right)\left(\frac{1}{7}u + \frac{1}{14}v - \frac{5}{14}w\right) - \frac{1}{7}u + \frac{5}{28}v + \frac{3}{28}w = 1. \end{aligned}$$

After simplification, we get

$$\frac{23u^2}{49} + \frac{141v^2}{784} + \frac{445w^2}{784} - \frac{55uv}{196} - \frac{5uw}{196} - \frac{5vw}{392} - \frac{u}{7} + \frac{5v}{28} + \frac{3w}{28} = 1$$

**Answer.** The new equation of the conicoid is

$$\frac{23u^2}{49} + \frac{141v^2}{784} + \frac{445w^2}{784} - \frac{55uv}{196} - \frac{5uw}{196} - \frac{5vw}{392} - \frac{u}{7} + \frac{5v}{28} + \frac{3w}{28} = 1$$