## Answer on Question #44951 - Math - Statistics and Probability

Suppose that the joint density of X and Y is given by

$$\mathsf{f}(x,y) = e^{-\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)} \cdot e^{-y} \text{ ,} 0 < x < \infty \text{, } 0 < y < \infty \text{ and is o otherwise. Find } P(X > 1 \mid Y = y).$$

## Solution

$$P(X > 1 \mid Y = y) = \int_{1}^{\infty} f_{X|Y}(x|y) dx.$$

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f_{Y}(y)} = \frac{e^{-\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)} \cdot e^{-y}}{\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)} \cdot e^{-y} dx} = \frac{e^{-\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)} \cdot e^{-y}}{e^{-y} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)} dx} = \frac{e^{-\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)}}{y}.$$

$$P(X > 1 \mid Y = y) = \int_{1}^{\infty} f_{X|Y}(x|y) dx = \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)}}{y} dx = \frac{1}{y} \int_{1}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)} dx = \frac{1}{y} \left(ye^{-\frac{1}{y}}\right) = e^{-\frac{1}{y}}.$$