

### Answer on Question #44201 – Math - Statistics and Probability

A medical test has a false positive rate of 0.2. If 9 tests are conducted, what is the chance of getting exactly 2 false positive results?

#### Solution

The random variable  $X$  = "the number of false positive results" is a binomial random variable,  $n = 9$  is a fixed number of trials,  $p = 0.2$  is the probability of false positive result in each trial.

$X$  can take any value of 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

Assume that all trials are independent.

The probability of getting exactly 2 false positive results is calculated by

$$\begin{aligned} P(X = 2) &= P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} p^k (1-p)^{n-k} = \frac{9!}{2!7!} 0.2^2 (1-0.2)^7 = \\ &= \frac{9 \times 8}{2} \times 0.2^2 0.8^7 \approx 0.302 \end{aligned}$$

**Answer:**  $\frac{9 \times 8}{2} \times 0.2^2 0.8^7 \approx 0.302$