Answer on Question \#42801 - Math - Linear Algebra
To translate an object by a vector $\mathbf{v}$, each homogeneous vector $\mathbf{p}=\left[\begin{array}{l}p_{x} \\ p_{y} \\ p_{z} \\ 1\end{array}\right]$ can be multiplied by this translation matrix:

$$
T_{\mathbf{v}}=\left[\begin{array}{cccc}
1 & 0 & 0 & v_{x} \\
0 & 1 & 0 & v_{y} \\
0 & 0 & 1 & v_{z} \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right]
$$

As shown below, the multiplication will give the expected result:

$$
T_{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{p}=\left[\begin{array}{cccc}
1 & 0 & 0 & v_{x} \\
0 & 1 & 0 & v_{y} \\
0 & 0 & 1 & v_{z} \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{c}
p_{x} \\
p_{y} \\
p_{\tilde{z}} \\
1
\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{c}
p_{x}+v_{x} \\
p_{y}+v_{y} \\
p_{\tilde{z}}+v_{\tilde{z}} \\
1
\end{array}\right]=\mathbf{p}+\mathbf{v}
$$

