## Answer on Question \#42008 - Math - Trigonometry

A vector w of magnitude 50 points southeast. Resolve the vector into southerly and easterly components.
a) The southerly component has a magnitude of $\qquad$ _.
b) What is the length?

## Solution.

Let input a Cartesian coordinate system with $X$-axis along the south and $Y$-axis along the east. The given vector will be with $\vec{w}(w \cos \alpha ; w \sin \alpha)$, there $w=50$ is the magnitude of the vector and $\alpha=45^{\circ}$ is the angle between the vector and $X$-axis.
a) The southerly component has a magnitude of $|w \cos \alpha|=50 \cdot \cos 45^{\circ} \left\lvert\,=50 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}=25 \sqrt{2}\right.$ points.
b) The projection of the southerly component is $w \cos \alpha=50 \cdot \cos 45^{\circ}=25 \sqrt{2}$.

Answer: a) $25 \sqrt{ } 2$; b) $25 \sqrt{ } 2$.

