

**Answer on question #40787 – Math – Linear Algebra**

Let  $f: C^3$  to  $C$  be defined as  $f(z) = (z_1 - z_2) - i(2z_1 + z_2 + z_3)$ , where  $z = (z_1, z_2, z_3)$  belongs to  $C^3$ .

Find  $w$  belongs to  $C^3$  such that  $f(z) = \langle z, w \rangle$ , where  $\langle, \rangle$  is the standard inner product on  $C^3$ .

**Answer:**

The standard inner product defines as

$$\langle z, w \rangle = z_1 \overline{w_1} + z_2 \overline{w_2} + z_3 \overline{w_3},$$

where  $z = (z_1, z_2, z_3)$ ,  $w = (w_1, w_2, w_3)$ .

So we get

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) = \langle z, w \rangle &= z_1 \overline{w_1} + z_2 \overline{w_2} + z_3 \overline{w_3} = (z_1 - z_2) - i(2z_1 + z_2 + z_3) = \\ &= z_1(1 - 2i) + z_2(-1 - i) + z_3(-i), \end{aligned}$$

Therefore we obtain

$$\overline{w_1} = 1 - 2i \Rightarrow w_1 = 1 + 2i;$$

$$\overline{w_2} = -1 - i \Rightarrow w_2 = -1 + i;$$

$$\overline{w_3} = -i \Rightarrow w_3 = i.$$

**Answer:**  $w = (1 + 2i; -1 + i; i)$ .