## Answer on Question#40119 - Math - Linear Algebra:

Let  $V = \mathbb{R}^5$ . Find two subspaces U, W such that  $U \oplus W = \mathbb{R}^5$ .

## Solution.

Let 
$$U = \{(a, 0, 0, 0, 0) \mid a \in \mathbb{R}\}, W = \{(0, b, c, d, e) \mid b, c, d, e \in \mathbb{R}\}.$$
 Hence:  $u_1 = (x, 0, 0, 0, 0), u_2 = (y, 0, 0, 0, 0) \in U, \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow u_1 + \alpha u_2 = (x + \alpha y, 0, 0, 0, 0) \in U \Rightarrow \exists U \text{ is a subspace};$   $w_1 = (0, x, y, z, t), w_2 = (0, a, b, c, d) \in W, \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow \exists w_1 + \alpha w_2 = (0, x + \alpha a, y + \alpha b, z + \alpha c, t + \alpha d) \in W \Rightarrow W \text{ is a subspace};$   $\forall v = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5) \in V : v = u + w,$  where  $u \in U, w \in W, u = (x_1, 0, 0, 0, 0), w = (0, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5);$   $u_1, u_2 \in U, w_1, w_2 \in W, u_1 + w_1 = u_2 + w_2 \Rightarrow u_1 - u_2 = w_2 - w_1 \Rightarrow \exists (a_1, 0, 0, 0, 0) - (a_2, 0, 0, 0, 0) = (0, b_2, c_2, d_2, e_2) - (0, b_1, c_1, d_1, e_1) \Rightarrow \exists (a_1 - a_2, 0, 0, 0, 0) = (0, b_2 - b_1, c_2 - c_1, d_2 - d_1, e_2 - e_1) \Rightarrow a_1 - a_2 = 0 \Rightarrow u_1 = u_2 \Rightarrow w_1 = w_2;$ 

Hence:

$$\forall v \in V \exists ! u \in U, w \in W : v = u + w \implies V = U \oplus W.$$