### Answer on Question#38332 - Math - Calculus

Find the function's domain and range. Next, describe level curves of the functions a)f(x,y)=x-y b)f(x,y)=x^2+y^2 c)f(x,y,z)=x+y+z

### **Solution**

# <u>a)f(x,y)=x-y</u>

The domain is all the values that go into a function. Both x and y can be values from -infinity to +infinity (this is the domain)

The range is all the values that are produced by the function, i.e. the values of f(x,y) in this example can range from -infinity to +infinity

Direct Line - graph of a linear function y = x. This straight line passes through the origin. As the domain and range are all the values from -infinity to +infinity that the graph of function is all points in the plane.

### $b)f(x,y)=x^{2+y^{2}}$

The domain is all the values that go into a function. Both x and y can be values from -infinity to +infinity (this is the domain)

The range is all non-negative real numbers, {f  $\epsilon$  R : f  $\geq$  0}

The graph of function  $x^2+y^2 = r^2$  is a circle centered at the origin. As the domain is the values from -infinity to +infinity that the graph of function is all points in the plane.

# c)f(x,y,z)=x+y+z

The domain is all the values that go into a function. All x,y and z can be values from -infinity to +infinity (this is the domain)

The range is all real numbers.

Graph of this function is the whole plane in three-dimensional space.