Input interpretation:

$$
\text { plot } \quad 2 x+y<10 \wedge 5 x-y<15 \wedge x<3 \wedge y<8
$$

Inequality plot:


Let's evaluate partial derivatives of $5 x+2 y$
$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}=5 ; \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}=2$
Consequently this function has no critical points inside the domain on the plot $\Rightarrow$ it has critical points on the bound of domain. The curves that draw this domain are regular $\Rightarrow$ the critical points can be only the points of intersection of curves.
These points are:
$(3 ; 0)$
$(3 ; 4)$
$(1 ; 8)$
Substitution this values to $f$ gives us that maximum value is achieved in the point $(3 ; 4)$ and equals 23.

