A hot-air balloon over Albuquerque, New Mexico, is being blown due east from point P and traveling at a constant height of 800 ft. The angle y is formed by the ground and the line of vision from P to the balloon. This angle changes as the balloon travels.

(a) Express the horizontal distance x as a function of the angle y.

(b) When the angle is $\frac{\pi}{20}$ rad, what is its horizontal distance from P?

(c) An angle of $\frac{\pi}{20}$ rad is equivalent to how many degrees?

Solution:



(a) ΔPMN is a right-angled triangle, where PM is the hypotenuse, MN is the side opposite the angle y and PN is the side adjacent to y.

$$\cot y = \frac{p_N}{MN'}$$
 so

$$\cot y = \frac{x}{800'}$$
 so
 $x = 800 \cot y$
(b) Given $y = \frac{\pi}{20}$ rad
 $x = 800 \cot \frac{\pi}{20} = 5,051$ ft

(c) $\pi rad = 180^{\circ}$, so $\frac{\pi}{20} rad = \frac{180^{\circ}}{20} = 9^{\circ}$