

## Conditions

In a small Town it has been discovered that the relationship between the number of radios demanded varies linearly with its price. When the price per radio was \$15, 1000 radios were demanded; when the price was 30\$, 700 radios were demanded. a) Determine the price per radio when 500 radios were demanded? b) above what price will the demand be zero? I only know the answers, but I need someone to explain me. a) \$40 b) \$65  
Please explain how did you come up with the answer.

## Solution

The linear dependence means that all the points which coordinates are (price, amount) are lying on some straight line. As we know, 2 points define the one and only straight line. The equation of this line is:

$$\frac{x - x_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{y - y_1}{y_2 - y_1}$$

For our case:

$$\frac{x - 15}{30 - 15} = \frac{y - 1000}{700 - 1000}$$

$$\frac{x - 15}{15} = \frac{1000 - y}{300}$$

$$x - 15 = 50 - \frac{y}{20}$$

$$y = -20x + 1300$$

Let's calculate the value of price, when the demand is 500:

$$500 = -20x + 1300$$

$$x = \frac{800}{20} = 40\text{\$}$$

The demand will be zero at:

$$0 = -20x + 1300$$

$$x = \frac{1300}{20} = 65\text{\$}$$