

Question 23160

1. $g(x) = \frac{5}{x^2 - 25}$, domain includes all real numbers, except those, which turn the denominator to zero. Hence, $D(g(x)) = R \setminus \{5; -5\}$.
2. $f(t) = 3t^2 + 5t + 2$. Obviously, $x \in R$.
3. $h(x) = \sqrt{5x - 2}$. Square root is defined to non-negative real numbers, so $D(h(x)) : x \in [\frac{2}{5}; \infty)$.