## Conditions

A bag contains 15 white, 15 black, 10 red balls. 3 balls are drawn in succession. Probability that one of them is black, one of them is white, and another is red is

## Solution

The classic definition of probability claims, that the probability of some random event $A$ is equal to a rate of all favorable outcomes for this event to all possible outcomes.

The probability to draw a white ball from a bag with 40 balls is 15/40.
The probability to draw then a black one -15/39

The probability to take a red at the last -10/38.
The total probability of taking all these 3 at the same time is:
$P=\frac{15}{40} \frac{15}{39} \frac{10}{38}=0,037955465587044534412955465587045$

