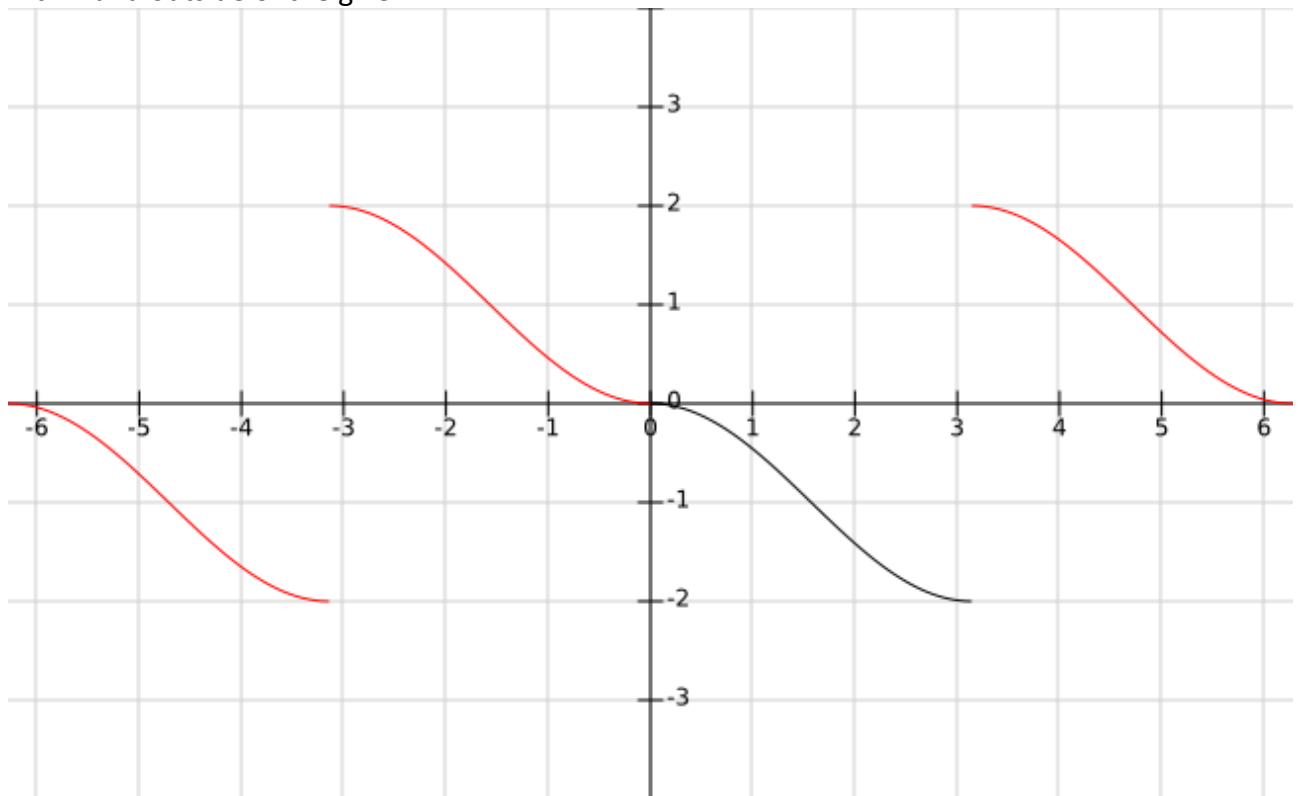


**Problem.**

Find  $f(x)=\cos x$  as a half range Fourier sine series in the range  $0 \leq x \leq \pi$  and sketch the function within and outside of the given



range.

**Solution.**

Let  $g(x) = f(x) - 1$  (we need to do this transformation to construct odd function).

We first extend  $g(x)$  as an odd periodic function  $G(x)$  of period  $2\pi$ :

$$G(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - \cos x, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ \cos x - 1, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

Since  $G(x)$  is odd, then  $a_n = 0$ , for  $n \geq 0$ . We turn our attention to the coefficients  $b_n$ . For any  $n \geq 1$ , we have

$$\begin{aligned} b_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} G(x) \sin(nx) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} 2(\cos x - 1) \sin(nx) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\sin((n+1)x) + \sin((n-1)x) - 2 \sin nx) dx \end{aligned}$$

Hence

$$\begin{aligned} b_1 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\sin 2x - 2 \sin x) dx = \left( -\frac{1}{2\pi} \cos 2x + \frac{2}{\pi} \cos x \right) \Big|_0^{\pi} = -\frac{4}{\pi}, \\ b_{2n+1} &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\sin((2n+2)x) + \sin(2nx) - 2 \sin((2n-1)x)) dx \\ &= \left( -\frac{1}{2\pi(n+1)} \cos(2(n+1)x) - \frac{1}{2\pi n} \cos(2nx) \right) \Big|_0^{\pi} \\ &\quad + \frac{2}{\pi(2n+1)} \cos((2n+1)x) \Big|_0^{\pi} = -\frac{4}{\pi(2n+1)}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b_{2n} &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi (\sin((2n+1)x) + \sin((2n-1)x) - 2\sin(2nx)) dx \\
 &= \left( -\frac{1}{\pi(2n+1)} \cos((2n+1)x) - \frac{1}{\pi(2n-1)} \cos((2n-1)x) \right) \Big|_0^\pi \\
 &\quad + \frac{2}{2\pi n} \cos(2nx) \Big|_0^\pi = \frac{2}{\pi(2n+1)} + \frac{2}{\pi(2n-1)} = \frac{8n}{\pi(2n+1)(2n-1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

for all positive integer  $n$ .

Therefore

$$G(x) \sim \frac{4}{\pi} \left( -\sin x + \frac{2 \sin 2x}{1 \cdot 3} - \frac{\sin 3x}{3} + \frac{2 \sin 4x}{3 \cdot 5} + \dots \right).$$

Then

$$f(x) \sim 1 + \frac{4}{\pi} \left( -\sin x + \frac{2 \sin 2x}{1 \cdot 3} - \frac{\sin 3x}{3} + \frac{4 \sin 4x}{3 \cdot 5} + \dots \right)$$

**Answer:**

$$f(x) \sim -1 + \frac{2}{\pi} \left( -\sin x + \frac{4 \sin 2x}{1 \cdot 3} - \frac{\sin 3x}{3} + \frac{8 \sin 4x}{3 \cdot 5} + \dots \right).$$

