

Answer on Question 71151-Economics - Microeconomics

In a particular town there are 100 cars and 50 motorcycles. Each car owner has a demand curve for petrol given by: $Q_{dc} = 20 - 5p$ for $p \leq 4$ and $Q_{dc} = 0$ for $p > 4$. Each motorcycle owner has the following demand function for petrol: $Q_{dm} = 15 - 3p$ for $p \leq 5$ and $Q_{dm} = 0$ for $p > 5$. Prices are expressed as £ per gallon, and quantities as gallons per week.

- a. If the price is £3, how many gallons of petrol per week are bought by (i) each car owner and (ii) each motorcycle owner?
- b. Sketch the market demand curve for petrol (that is, the combined demand from car and motorcycle owners).
- c. Write an algebraic expression for the market demand function.

Solution.

- A. If the price is £3, each car owner will buy

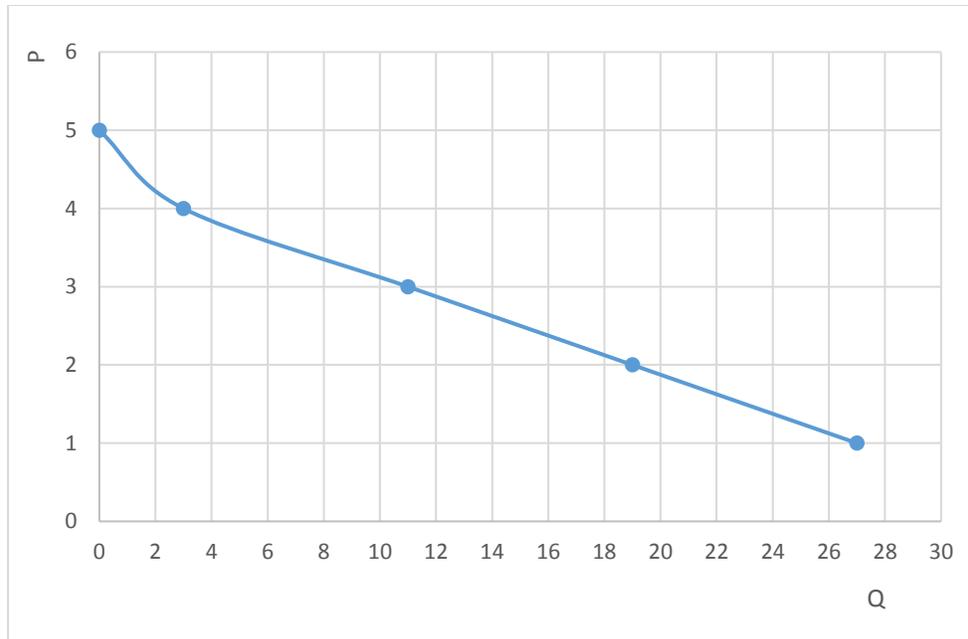
$$Q = 20 - 5 \times 3 = 5 \text{ gallons}$$

Each motorcycle owner will buy

$$Q = 15 - 3 \times 3 = 6 \text{ gallons}$$

- B. To sketch the market demand let's fill the table below

20-5p				15-3p		Total demand	
Q	P			Q	P	Q	P
15	1			12	1	27	1
10	2			9	2	19	2
5	3			6	3	11	3
0	4			3	4	3	4
0	5			0	5	0	5



C. Algebraic expression for the market demand function is

$$Qd = 20 - 3P + 15 - 3P = 35 - 6P \text{ for } p < 4;$$

$$Qd = 15 - 3P \text{ for } 4 \leq p \leq 5;$$

$$Qd = 0 \text{ for } p > 5.$$