

## Answer on Question #67009 – Economics - Microeconomics

### Question

Envelope theorem

### Answer

The envelope theorem concerns how the maximal value of a particular function depends on the changes of some parameter of the function. It states that the change in the optimal value of a function, depending on a parameter of that function, can be found if differentiate the Lagrangian function holding  $x$  (or several  $x$ 's) at its optimal value.

If we have function  $\max_x f(x)$  s.t.  $g(x, a) = 0$

$x$  – vector of  $n$  endogenous variables

Value function

$$V(a) = \max_{x, \lambda} L = f(x, a) - \lambda(g(x, a))$$

The envelope theorem says:

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial L(x, \lambda, a)}{\partial a} \Bigg|_{\substack{x(a) \\ \lambda(a)}} = \frac{\partial L(x(a), \lambda(a), a)}{\partial a}$$