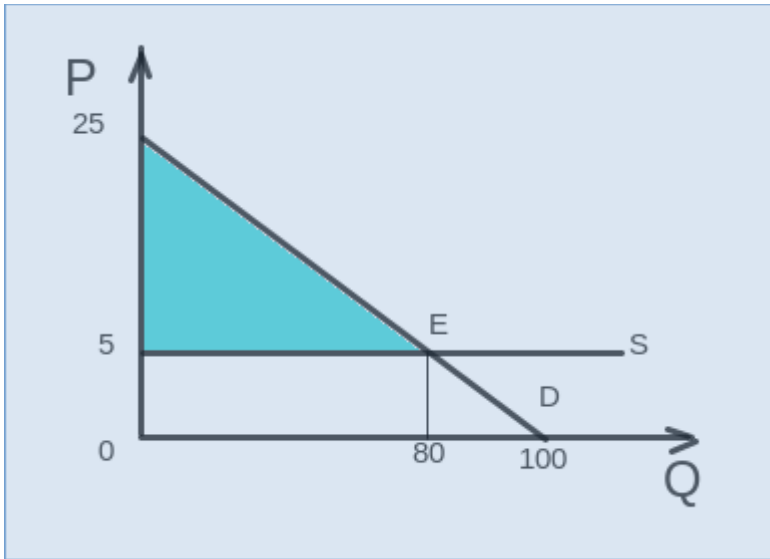


Answer on Question #43630, Economics, Microeconomics



If supply is perfectly elastic at price of rm5, $P_s = 5$.

The market demand curve for this good is $P_d = 25 - 0.25Q$

Market is in equilibrium, when $P_e = P_d$, so

$$25 - 0.25Q = 5,$$

$$Q_e = 80 \text{ units}$$

$$P_e = \text{rm}5$$

Consumer surplus (CS) is the area between supply and demand curves (see the graph above).

$$\text{So, } CS = 0.5 \times 80 \times (25 - 5) = \text{rm}800$$