## Answer on Question #39978 – Economics – Microeconomics

## Assignment

The demand for good X is given by this equation: QX =1.0–2.0PX +0.8I+1.5PY –3PZ+1.0A Where PX, PY, and PZ represent the prices of goods X, Y, and Z; I measures income per capita; and A is advertising. Currently: PX =2.00,PY =2.50,PZ =1.00,I=4,andA=3.05.

Is good X a necessity or a luxury good? How do you know?

Calculate the cross elasticity of demand for X with respect to the price of good Z. Are goods X and Z substitutes or complements?

## Solution

The demand for good X is given by this equation:

QX = 1.0-2.0PX + 0.8I+1.5PY - 3PZ+1.0A, where PX, PY, and PZ represent the prices of goods X, Y, and Z; I measures income per capita; and A is advertising. PX = 2.00, PY = 2.50, PZ = 1.00, I=4, and A=3.05.

A. Is good X a necessity or a luxury good? How do you know? Qx = 1 - 2\*2 + 0.8\*4 + 1.5\*2.5 - 3\*1 + 1\*3.05 = 4 units It is a luxury good, as its quantity is only 4 units.

**B**. Calculate the cross elasticity of demand for X with respect to the price of good Z. Are goods X and Z substitutes or complements?

$$E_{A,B} = \frac{P_{B,1} + P_{B,2}}{Q_{A,1} + Q_{A,2}} \times \frac{\Delta Q_A}{\Delta P_B} = \frac{\partial Q_A}{\partial P_B} \frac{P_B}{Q_A}$$

So,  $Ex_z = k*Pz/Qx = -2*1/4 = -0.5$ , where k is coefficient before Px as the derivative of  $\Delta Q/\Delta P$ . Two goods that complement each other show a negative cross elasticity of demand: as the price of good Y rises, the demand for good X falls. So, x and z are complements.