| Current Ratio | current assets/current liabilities (current assets - inventory)/current | 2,5 | Here we can see the table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liquidity Ratio | liabilities | 1,3 |  |
| Net Working Capital | current assets - current liabilities | 120000 | using which |
| Stock Turnover Ratio | net sales/inventory | 6 | we can |
| Ratio of Gross Profit to |  |  | calculate the |
| Sales | (revenue - cost of goods)/net sales | 0,2 | ain |
| Debt collection period | (Average Debtors / Credit Sales) x 365 | 40 | positions of |
| Fixed Assets to Net Worth | fixed assets/(total assets - total liabilit.) | 0,8 | the balance |
| Reserve and Surplus to Capital | Reserve and Surplus to Capital | 0,5 | sheet. |
| B/S | Balance | 1100000 |  |

Using these formulas we can calculate:

| current assets | 500000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| inventory | 200000 |
| current |  |
| liabilities | 200000 |
| net sales | 1200000 |
| gross profit | 240000 |
| fixed assets | 600000 |

So, we can build the balance sheet.

## Balance

| Fixed assets | 600000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Current assets and inventory | 500000 |
| Total Assets: | 1100000 |
|  |  |
| Current liabilities | 200000 |
| Capital | 480000 |
| Long-term liabilities and other | 420000 |

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