

Answer on Question #38909 – Economics - Microeconomics

Derin's utility function is $U = \min \{a_1, a_2\} \min \{b_1, b_2\}$, where a_1 and a_2 are the number of piano lessons he consumes this year and next and b_1 and b_2 are the number of ice skating lessons he consumes this year and next. The price of piano lessons is \$10 each and the price of ice skating lessons is \$4 each. The prices won't change, but the interest rate is 7%. If Derin consumes 20 piano lessons this year, how many ice-skating lessons will he consume next year?

Solution

Utility function assigns numerical values ("utilities") to outcomes, in such a way that outcomes with higher utilities are always preferred to outcomes with lower utilities.

In our case the next year income will increase by 7 percent, so the consumption will also increase by 7 percent, as the prices are the same. That's why Derin will have by 20×1.07 piano lessons and 7 percent more ice-skating lessons next year.