

According to Fisher's formula:

$M \cdot V = \text{GDP}$, where M - money supply, V - velocity.

$\text{GDP}_{\text{nominal}} = \text{GDP}_{\text{real}} \cdot P / 100$, where P - price level.

So, $V = (\text{GDP}_{\text{real}} \cdot P) / (100 \cdot M) = (\$5 \text{ trillion} \cdot 200) / (100 \cdot \$1 \text{ trillion}) = 10$.

So. money supply makes 10 full turns during 1 year.