

Answer on Question 76941 in General Chemistry

$$m_1 (\text{sample}) = 27.129 \text{ g}$$

$$m(CO_2) = 48.328 \text{ g}$$

$$m(H_2O) = 19.783 \text{ g}$$

$$m_2 (\text{sample}) = 34.687 \text{ g}$$

$$m(SO_2) = 14.992 \text{ g}$$

Formula=?

Find the amount of substance of CO_2

$$n(CO_2) = \frac{m(CO_2)}{Mr(CO_2)} = \frac{48.328}{44} = 1.1 \text{ mol}$$

$$Mr(CO_2) = \text{Ar}(C) + 2 \text{Ar}(O) = 12 + 2 \times 16 = 44$$

$$n(C) = n(CO_2) = 1.1 \text{ mol}$$

$$m(C) = n \times \text{Ar}(C) = 1.1 \times 12 = 13.2 \text{ g}$$

Find the amount of substance of H_2O

$$n(H_2O) = \frac{m(H_2O)}{Mr(H_2O)} = \frac{19.783}{18} = 1.1 \text{ mol}$$

$$Mr(H_2O) = 2\text{Ar}(H) + \text{Ar}(O) = 2 + 16 = 18$$

$$n(H) = 2n(H_2O) = 2.2 \text{ mol}$$

$$m(H) = n(H) \times \text{Ar}(H) = 2.2 \times 1 = 2.2 \text{ g}$$

By the proportion we find the mass of SO_2 which is formed during combustion of 27.127 g of substance

34.687 g of substance gives 14.992 g of SO_2

27.129 g of substance gives x g of SO_2

$$x = m(SO_2) = \frac{27.129 \times 14.992}{34.687} = 11.725 \text{ g}$$

Find the amount of substance of SO_2

$$n = \frac{m(SO_2)}{Mr} = \frac{11.725}{64} = 0.18 \text{ mol}$$

$$Mr(SO_2) = Ar(S) + 2Ar(O) = 32 + 2 \times 16 = 64$$

$$. n(S) = n(SO_2) = 0.18 \text{ mol}$$

$$. m(S) = N \times Ar = 32 \times 0.18 = 5.76 \text{ g}$$

Find the mass of oxygen

$$. m(O) = m(\text{substance}) - m(C) - m(H) - m(S) = 27.129 - 13.2 - 2.2 - 5.76 = 5.969 \text{ g}$$

Find the amount of substance of O

$$. n = \frac{m(O)}{Ar(O)} = \frac{5.969}{16} = 0.37 \text{ mol}$$

$$. n(C) : n(H) : n(S) : n(O) = 1.1 : 2.2 : 0.18 : 0.37 = 6:12:1:2$$

The formula is $C_6H_{12}SO_2$

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