Question \# 83572, answer
$\mathrm{CaO}+\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}=\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2$. A 3.50 g sample of CaO is reacted with 3.38 g of H 2 O . how many grams of $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2$ are Produced?

Answer:

1) Number of moles of $\mathrm{CaO}=$ mass $/ \mathrm{MW}=3.50 \mathrm{~g} / 56.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mole}=0.06$ moles
2) Number of moles of $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}=3.38 \mathrm{~g} / 18 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mole}=0.188 \mathrm{moles}$
3) CaO is a limiting reagent. Number of moles $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2=$ number of moles of $\mathrm{CaO}=0.06$ moles
4) Mass of $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2=\mathrm{MW} x$ number of moles $=0.06$ moles $\times 74.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mole}=4.45 \mathrm{~g}$
