Answer on Question #83074 – Chemistry – General Chemistry

Questions

- 4. What are the first two quantum numbers for the electrons located in subshell 4d?
- 5. What are the first three quantum numbers for the electrons located in subshell 2s?
- 6. How many electrons can be held in a sublevel I = 3?
- 7. How many electrons can be held in the energy level n = 4?
- 8. How many electrons in an atom can share the quantum numbers n = 4 and I = 3?

Answers

4. n = 4 (principal quantum number), l = 2 (orbital quantum number).

5. n = 2 (principal quantum number), I = 0 (orbital quantum number), $m_I = 0$ (it is the only possible magnetic quantum number for s orbital).

6. If I = 3, then m_I = -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3 (7 possible values), and m_s = -1/2, 1/2 (2 possible values). $2 \times 7 = 14 - it$ is the number of electrons can be held in a sublevel I = 3.

7. If n = 4, then l = 0, 1, 2, 3 (4 possible values). For l = 0, $m_l = 0$ (1 possible value), for l = 1, $m_l = -1$, 0, 1 (3 possible values), for l = 2, $m_l = -2$, -1, 0, 1, 2 (5 possible values), for l = 3 $m_l = -3$, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3 (7 possible values). $m_s = -1/2$, 1/2 (2 possible values). Therefore the number of electrons, that can be held in the energy level n = 4 equals $(1 + 3 + 5 + 7) \times 2 = 32$.

8. If n = 4 and l = 3, then m_l = -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3 (7 possible values), and m_s = -1/2, 1/2 (2 possible values). 2 × 7 = 14 – it is the number of electrons in an atom, that can share the quantum numbers n = 4 and l = 3.

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