

A nitrogen gas from a 24.0 L container with the pressure of 2atm and an oxygen gas from a 12.0 L with a pressure of 2atm and 273K were mixed together in a 10.0 L container. what are the partial pressure exerted by each gas in the mixture and what is the total pressure? use ideal gas formula and mole fraction.

Solution:

$$\text{for } N_2: P_{N_2} V_{N_2} = n_{N_2} RT \Rightarrow$$

$$n = \frac{2 \text{ atm} \times 24.0 \text{ L}}{0.082057 \left( \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{atm}}{\text{moles} \cdot \text{K}} \right) \times 273 \text{ K}} = 2.143 \text{ moles};$$

$$\text{for } O_2: n = \frac{2 \text{ atm} \times 12.0 \text{ L}}{0.082057 \left( \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{atm}}{\text{moles} \cdot \text{K}} \right) \cdot 273 \text{ K}} = 1.071 \text{ moles.}$$

A mixture of ideal gases is formed after mixing of  $N_2$  and  $O_2$ :

the partial pressure:

$$P_i(N_2) = \frac{2.143 \text{ moles} \cdot 0.082057 \left( \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{atm}}{\text{moles} \cdot \text{K}} \right) \times 273 \text{ K}}{10.0 \text{ L}} = 4.801 \text{ atm}$$

$$P_i(O_2) = \frac{1.071 \text{ moles} \cdot 0.082057 \left( \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{atm}}{\text{moles} \cdot \text{K}} \right) \times 273 \text{ K}}{10.0 \text{ L}} = 2.393 \text{ atm}$$

Due to Dalton's Law:

$$P_{\text{total}} = P_i(N_2) + P_i(O_2) = 7.2 \text{ atm}$$

$$\text{Answer: } P_i(N_2) = 4.801 \text{ atm}$$

$$P_i(O_2) = 2.393 \text{ atm}$$

$$P_{\text{total}} = 7.200 \text{ atm}$$