## Answer on Question \#73463 - Chemistry - Other

## Task:

Calculate the volume of $1.01 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$ sodium hydroxide that is required to neutralize 25.00 mL of a hydrochloric acid solution that has a pH of 0.32

## Solution:

$p H=-\log \left[H^{+}\right]=0.32 ;$
$\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]=10^{-p H}=10^{-0.32}=0.47863 M$;
$\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]=C(\mathrm{HCl})=0.47863 M$.
The reaction:

$$
\mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{HCl}=\mathrm{NaCl}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
$$

By the reaction equation:
$n(\mathrm{NaOH})=n(\mathrm{HCl})$;
$C(\mathrm{NaOH}) * V(\mathrm{NaOH})=C(\mathrm{HCl}) * V(\mathrm{HCl}) ;$
$V(\mathrm{NaOH})=\frac{C(\mathrm{HCl}) * V(\mathrm{HCl})}{C(\mathrm{NaOH})}=\frac{0.47863 \mathrm{M} * 25.00 \mathrm{~mL}}{1.01 \mathrm{M}}=11.847 ;$
$V(\mathrm{NaOH})=11.85 \mathrm{~mL}$.

Answer: $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{NaOH})=11.85 \mathrm{~mL}$.

