## Answer on Question #66860 - Chemistry - General Chemistry

Question: Gallium arsenide (GaAs) is an important compound to the electronics industry. It is produced in the following reaction between arsine (AsH3) and trimethyl gallium (Ga(CH3)3): AsH3 (g) + Ga(CH3)3 (g) --> GaAs (s) + 3 CH4 (g)

If this reaction is initiated at  $750^{\circ}$ C between 1.00 atm of Ga(CH3)3 and 1.00 atm of AsH3 in a rigid 1L vessel, and 1.00 x 10–5 mol of AsH3 is left to dispose of at the end of the reaction, what is the equilibrium constant, KP?

## **Solution:**

$$AsH_3(g) + Ga(CH_3)_3(g) --> GaAs(s) + 3 CH_4(g)$$

$$K_p = K \cdot (R \cdot T)^{\Delta n}$$

$$K = \frac{[CH4]^3}{[AsH3] \cdot [Ga(CH3)3]}$$

$$p \cdot V = n \cdot R \cdot T$$

$$n(AsH3) = \frac{101325 \cdot 0.001}{8.314 \cdot 1023} = 0.012 \ mol$$
Initial 0.012 M 0.012 M 0 M 0 M 0 M -x -0.01199 - +0.03597
Equilibrium 0.00001 0.00001 - +0.03597
$$K = \frac{0.03597^3}{0.00001 \cdot 0.00001} = 4.6 \cdot 10^5$$

$$K_p = K \cdot (R \cdot T)^{\Delta n} = 4.6 \cdot 10^5 \cdot (8.314 \cdot 1023)^2 = 3.3 \cdot 10^{13}$$

Answer: 3.3 · 10<sup>13</sup>

Answer provided by AssignmentExpert.com