## Answer on Question \#61564, Chemistry / General Chemistry

Condition: $\mathbf{2 5 . 0} \mathbf{~ m L}$ of an H3BO3 solution were titrated with 29.15 mL of a 0.205 M of LiOH solution to reach the equivalence point, what is the molarity of the H 3 BO 3 solution?

## Solution:

According to the equation of chemical reaction

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\begin{aligned}
& 2 \mathrm{NaOH}+4 \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{BO}_{3} \longrightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~B}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{7}+7 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\
& \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{a}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{b}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{b}} \\
& \text { here of } C_{a}=C_{b} * V_{b} / V_{a} \\
& \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{BO} 3)=0,5^{*} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{NaOH}) * \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{NaOH}) / \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{BO} 3) \\
& \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{BO} 3)=0,5 * 29,15 * 10^{-3}(\mathrm{~L})^{*} 0,205(\mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}) / 25,0^{*} 10^{-3}(\mathrm{~L}) \\
& \text { C(H3BO3) }=0,1195(\mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L})
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: the molarity of $\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{BO} 3=0,1195(\mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L})$

