## Question:

A student obtains 15.0 mL of 0.65 M phosphate solution and reacts it with excess ammonium and magnesium (Mg2+) under basic conditions. Upon reaction completion, she isolates and dries the product, and finds its mass to be 1.9426 g. Calculate the % yield.

## Solution:

 $PO_4{}^{3\text{-}} + 3Mg^{2\text{+}} = Mg_3(PO_4)_2 \downarrow$ 

Ammonia doesn't precipitate at these conditions.

 $n(PO_4^{3-}) = c \times V = 0.015 \times 0.65 = 0.00975 \text{ (mol)} \text{ (or } 9.75 \text{ mmol)}$ 

 $M(Mg_{3}(PO_{4})_{2}) = Ar(Mg) \times 3 + Ar(P) \times 2 + Ar(O) \times 8 = 24 \times 3 + 31 \times 2 + 16 \times 8 = 72 + 62 + 128 = 262$ 

 $n(Mg_3(PO_4)_2) = 0.00975 \text{ (mol)}$ 

m  $(Mg_3(PO_4)_2)_T = n(Mg_3(PO_4)_2) \times M(Mg_3(PO_4)_2) = 0.00975 \times 262 = 2.5545$  (g)

 $Yield = m_p/m_T \times 100\% = 1.9426/2.5545 \times 100\% = 76.05~\%$ 

Answer: Yield 76.05 %