## Answer on Question\#54859 - Chemistry - Physical Chemistry

## Question:

How many moles of HCl must be removed from 1 litre of aqueous HCl solution to change it's pH from 2 to 3 ?

## Solution

Dissociation equation of HCl in solution:

$$
\mathrm{HCl} \rightleftharpoons \mathrm{H}^{-}+\mathrm{Cl}^{-}
$$

HCl is the strong acid and dissociate completely in aqueous solution so $\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]=[\mathrm{HCl}]$.

Than $\mathrm{pH}=-\log _{10}[\mathrm{HCl}] ;[\mathrm{HCl}]=10-\mathrm{pH}$
If $\mathrm{pH}=2,[\mathrm{HCl}]_{1}=10^{-2}(\mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L})$ and if $\mathrm{pH}=3,[\mathrm{HCl}]_{2}=10^{-3}(\mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L})$
It should be removed $[\mathrm{HCl}]_{1}-[\mathrm{HCl}]_{2}=10^{-2}-10^{-3}=0.009(\mathrm{~mol})$ from 1 litre of aqueous HCl

Answer: 0.009 moles

