## Answer on Question \#52599 - Chemistry - Inorganic Chemistry

## Question:

If 25 mL of a 2.5 M solution of NaOH is placed in 250 mL of water, then what is the new solution?

## Answer:

Molar concentration or molarity is most commonly expressed in units of moles of solute per litre of solution.

$$
c=\frac{n}{V}
$$

Here, $\mathbf{n}$ is the amount of the solute in moles, $\mathbf{n}$ is the number of molecules present in the volume $\mathbf{V}$ (in litres).

In our case is the amount of the solute does not change, but change the volume of solution.
That's why we can write the following expression:
$n=c_{1} V_{1}=c_{2} V_{2}$
then

$$
c_{2}=\frac{\mathrm{c}_{1} \mathrm{~V}_{1}}{\mathrm{~V}_{2}}=\frac{2.5^{*} 0.025}{0.25}=0.25 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}
$$

Answer: $\quad$ The concentration of the new solution of NaOH is $\mathbf{0 . 2 5} \mathbf{~ m o l} / \mathrm{L}$.

