## Answer on Question \#52491, Chemistry, Inorganic Chemistry

Question: a.) calculate the pH of a 0.025 Nitric acid solution
b.) calculate the pH of a 0.10 NaOH
c.) a solution prepared by dissolving 0.28 g of lime (CaO) in 1.00 L water to make limewater (Ca(OH)2)

## Answer:

a) Nitric acid is fully ionized:
$[\mathrm{H}+]=0.025 \mathrm{M}$
$\mathrm{pH}=-\log 0.025=1.6$
b) $[\mathrm{OH}-]=0.1 \mathrm{M}$
$\mathrm{pOH}=-\log 0.1=1$
$\mathrm{pH}=14-1=13$.
c) The number of moles of $\mathrm{CaO}=0.28 / 56=0.005$ moles
$\mathrm{CaO}+\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}=\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2$
The number of moles of $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2$ will be 0.005 moles.
1 moles of $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2$ will have 2 moles of OH - ions, so the number of moles of $\mathrm{OH}-=2 * 0,005=0.01$
The concentration of OH - will be 0.01 M
$\mathrm{pOH}=-\log 0.01=2$
$\mathrm{pH}=14-2=12$.

