## Answer on Question \#51888, Chemistry, Other

Question: In a standardization titration involving hydrochloric acid and sodium carbonate, a student recorded the following results for the volume of hydrochloric acid used against 10.00 mL of the sodium carbonate solution: 15.60; 14.50; 14.70 and 14.20 . If the concentration of the Na 2 CO 3 standard solution is 0.75 moldm $^{\wedge}-3$, calculate the concentration of the HCl solution
1.02 Ml
1.03 mL
1.07 mL
1.04M

Answer: The average titre value for HCl is: $(15.60+14.50+14.70+14.20) / 4=14.75 \mathrm{~mL}$
Then we need to use the formula: $\mathrm{M}_{\text {acid }} \mathrm{V}_{\text {acid }}=2 \mathrm{M}_{\text {base }} \mathrm{V}_{\text {base }}$; $\mathrm{M}_{\text {acid }}=\mathrm{M}_{\text {base }} \mathrm{V}_{\text {base }} / \mathrm{V}_{\text {acid }}$;
$M_{\text {acid }}=(2 * 0.75 * 0.01 \mathrm{~L}) / 0.01475=1.02 \mathrm{M}$

