## Answer on Question \#51831, Chemistry, Physical Chemistry

Question: For the reaction $A+3 B=2 C+D$, initial mole of $A$ is twice that of $B$. If at equilibrium moles of $B$ and $C$ are equal, then percentage of $B$ reacted is ?

## Answer:

$A+3 B=2 C+D$
To solve this problem we need to make a table:

|  | A | $3 B$ | 2 C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Initial <br> concentration | 1 | $1 / 2$ | 0 | 0 |
| Equilibrium <br> concentration | $1-x$ | $1 / 2-3 x$ | $2 x$ | x |

We get: $1 / 2-3 x=2 x ; x=1 / 10 ; 3 x=3 / 10=0.3$
So, the \% of B reacted is: $0.3 * 100 / 0.5=60 \%$

