

**Answer on Question #51830 – Chemistry– Physical Chemistry**

**Question:**

In a closed system  $A(s) = 2B(g) + 3C(g)$  if the partial pressure of C is doubled then partial pressure of B will be?

**Answer:**

For the closed system :



$$K_p = (p_B)^2 \times (p_C)^3$$
$$\Rightarrow \frac{K_p}{(p_C)^3} = (p_B)^2 \quad \dots\dots\dots \text{equation 1}$$

since  $K_p$  is constant thus if we double the partial pressure of C then  $p'_C = 2p_C$

$$K_p = (p'_B)^2 \times (p'_C)^3$$

$$K_p = (p'_B)^2 \times (2p_C)^3$$

$$\frac{K_p}{(2p_C)^3} = (p'_B)^2$$

$$\frac{K_p}{8(p_C)^3} = (p'_B)^2$$

From equation 1

$$\frac{1}{8} (p_B)^2 = (p'_B)^2$$

$$p'_B = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} p_B$$

Thus pressure of B component will reduce by a factor of  $2\sqrt{2}$ .