## Question #50893, Chemistry, Physical Chemistry

What is Eo for the cell Ag I AgBr(s) I  $Br^{-}$  (a1),  $Fe^{3+}$  (a2),  $Fe^{2+}$  (a3) I Pt . Given : Standard half-cell reduction potentials as

AgBr I Ag, (Eo)1/2 = 0.0713 V,  $Fe^{3+}$  I  $Fe^{2+}$ , (Eo)1/2 = 0.771 V.

If a1 = 0.34, a2 = 0.1 & a3 = 0.02, then find Q, the reaction Quotient is Q = 0.588. Hence find E for the cell.

## **Answer:**

$$E=E_{o}+\frac{0.592}{n}Ig(a_{ox}/a_{red})$$
 
$$E_{1}=0.0713+0.592*Ig(0.34)=-0.2 \text{ V} \quad n=1$$
 
$$E_{2}=0.771+0.592*Ig(0.02/0.1)=0.357 \text{ V} \quad n=1$$
 
$$E=E_{1}-E_{2}=-0.2-0.357=-0.557 \text{ V}$$

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